

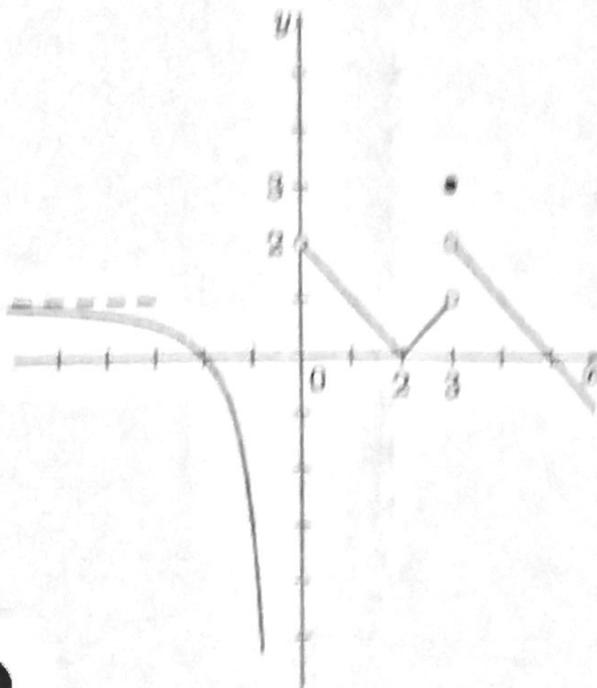
# LIMITS FROM A GRAPH

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Class \_\_\_\_\_

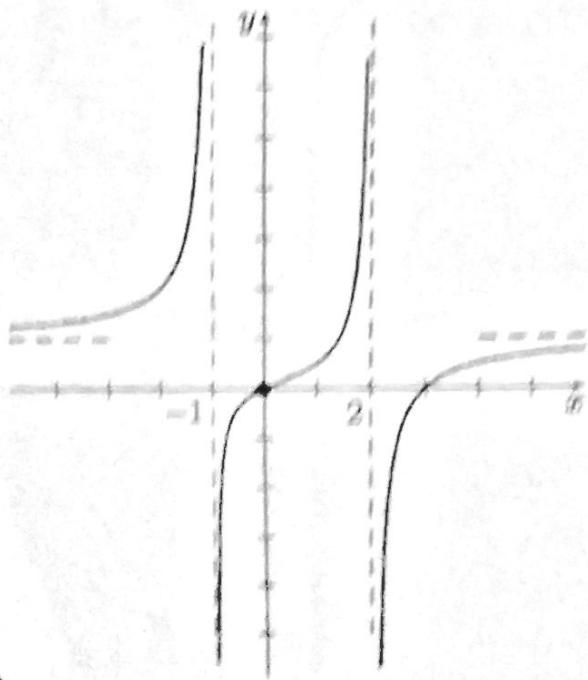
Kathy

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Use the graphs of the functions below to answer each question. You may use a calculator along with this test to answer questions.



- (1)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \underline{-2}$   
 (2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \underline{DNE}$   
 (3)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \underline{2}$   
 (4)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = \underline{DNE}$   
 (5)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \underline{1}$



- (6)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = \underline{DNE}$   
 (7)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \underline{0}$   
 (8)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \underline{-\infty}$   
 (9)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \underline{1}$

# Graphing, Continuity, and Limits for Rational Functions

Sketch the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 + x - 12}$  and complete the following:

$$\text{Does the function } f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 + x - 12} \text{ have a H.A.?}$$

$$x^2 + x - 12 = x^2 - x - 6$$

$$2x = 6 \\ x = 3 \text{ H.A.}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(x-3)(x+2)}{(x+4)(x-3)}$$

$f(x)$  has a 1) vertical asymptote at  $x = -4$

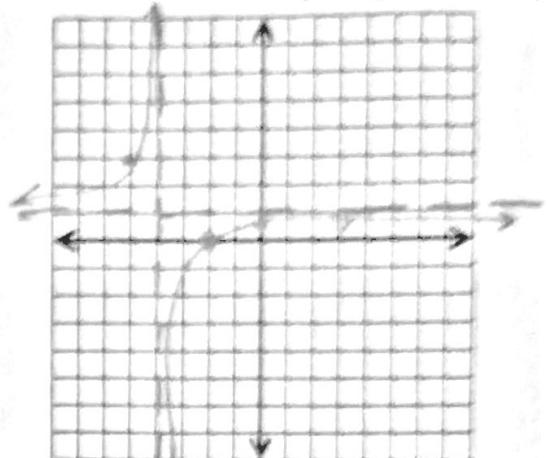
2) horizontal asymptote of  $y = 1$

3)  $x$ -intercept of  $(-2, 0)$

4)  $y$ -intercept of  $(0, \frac{1}{2})$

5) removable discontinuity at  $x = 3$   $\frac{3+2}{3+4} = \frac{5}{7} (3, \frac{5}{7})$

and a 6) non-removable discontinuity at  $x = -4$



Evaluate the following:

7)  $f(-4) = \text{DNE}$     8)  $f(-2) = 0$     9)  $f(0) = \frac{1}{2}$     10)  $f(3) = \text{DNE}$

Evaluate the following limits or state "does not exist"

11)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) = 0$

16)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} f(x) = \infty$

12)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \frac{1}{2}$

17)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^+} f(x) = -\infty$

13)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = \frac{5}{7}$

18)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} f(x) = \text{DNE}$

14)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = \frac{5}{7}$

19)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \frac{1}{1}$

15)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = \frac{5}{7}$

20)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \frac{1}{1}$

} proves  
H.A.Q  
 $y=1$

(Form A)