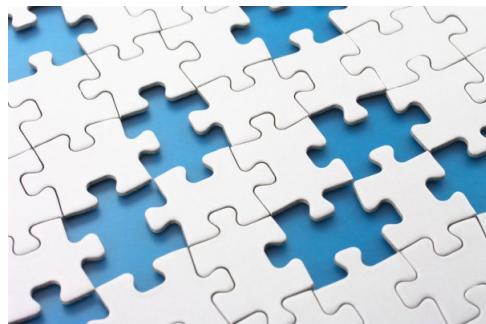


## Lesson 9 I've Got a Fill-in

### A Practice Understanding Task



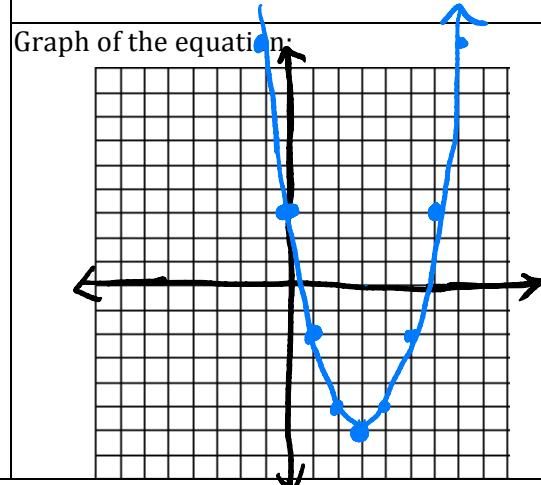
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For each problem below, you are given a piece of information that tells you a lot. Use what you know about that information to fill in the rest.

1. You get this:	Fill in this:
$y = x^2 - x - 12$ y-int $(0, -12)$	Factored form of the equation: $y = (x-4)(x+3)$ x-int $(4, 0), (-3, 0)$ a.o.s. $(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{49}{4})$
	Graph of the equation: 12.25 

$$(\frac{1}{2}-4)(\frac{1}{2}+3)$$
$$(-\frac{7}{2})(\frac{7}{2})$$

$y = x^2 - 6x + 3$ <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Prime (does not factor)</span>	
<p>2. You get this:</p> $y = x^2 - 6x + 3$ $y = (x^2 - 6x + 9) + 3 - 9$ $y = (x - 3)^2 - 6$ <p>Vertex <math>(3, -6)</math></p>	<p>Fill in this:</p> <p>Vertex form of the equation:</p> $y = (x - 3)^2 - 6$



$y = \frac{1}{2}(x - 2)^2 - 3$	
<p>3. You get this:</p>	<p>Fill in this:</p> <p>Vertex form of the equation:</p> $y = \frac{1}{2}(x - 2)^2 - 3$

Standard form of the equation:

$$y = \frac{1}{2}[(x - 2)(x - 2)] - 3$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 4x + 4) - 3$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + 2 - 3$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x - 1}}$$

4. You get this:	Fill in this:  Factored form of the equation: $y = a(x+7)(x-3)$ $a \cdot -21 = 10.5$ $a = -\frac{1}{2}$ $\boxed{y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+7)(x-3)}$  Standard form of the equation: $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 4x - 21)$ $\boxed{y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + 10.5}$
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7. -3  
-21

5. You get this:  $y = -x^2 - 6x + 16$  $y = -1(x^2 + 6x - 16)$ $\boxed{y = -1(x+8)(x-2)}$  $y = -x^2 - 6x + 16$  $y = (-x^2 - 6x - 9) + 16 + 9$ $y = -1(x^2 + 6x + 9) + 25$ $y = -(x+3)^2 + 25$  <i>Factored Form</i>	Fill in this:  Either form of the equation other than standard form.  Vertex of the parabola $(-3, 25)$  x-intercepts and y-intercept $x\text{-int } (-8, 0) (2, 0)$ $y\text{-int } (0, 16)$  <i>Vertex Form</i>
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~~26/12~~

6. You get this:	Fill in this:
$y = 2x^2 + 12x + 13$ <u>Does not factor</u>	Either form of the equation other than standard form.
$y = (2x^2 + 12x + 18) + 13 - 18$ $y = 2(x^2 + 6x + 9) - 5$ $y = 2(x+3)^2 - 5$	Vertex of the parabola $(-3, -5)$
	<del>x-int</del> $\approx (-4.58, 0)$ $\approx (-1.44, 0)$

Factored Form

Vertex Form

7. You get this:	Fill in this:
$y = -2x^2 + 14x + 60$ $y = -2(x^2 - 7x - 30)$ <u><math>y = -2(x-10)(x+3)</math></u>	Either form of the equation other than standard form.
	Vertex of the parabola $(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{169}{2})$
$y = (-2x^2 + 14x - \frac{49}{2}) + 60 + \frac{49}{2}$ $y = -2(x^2 - 7x + \frac{49}{4}) + \frac{169}{2}$ $y = -2(x - \frac{7}{2})^2 + \frac{169}{2}$	<del>x-int</del> $(10, 0)$ $(-3, 0)$