

# Parametric Equations

Name Key  
Date \_\_\_\_\_

Find each point based on the parametric equations:

1.)  $x = 4 - 3t$  and  $y = 2t + 5$

a.)  $t = 3$       b.)  $t = -2$   
 $x = 4 - 3(3) = -5$      $y = 2(3) + 5 = 11$        $x = 4 - 3(-2) = 10$   
 $x = -5$        $y = 11$        $y = 2(-2) + 5 = 1$   
(-5, 11)      (10, 1)

2.)  $x = t^2 + 5t$  and  $y = 3 - t^2$

a.)  $t = -1$       b.)  $t = 0$   
 $x = (-1)^2 + 5(-1) = -4$        $x = 0$   
 $y = 3 - (-1)^2 = 2$        $y = 3$   
(-4, 2)      (0, 3)

3.)  $x = t^3 - 4t$  and  $y = \sqrt{t+1}$

a.)  $t = 3$       b.)  $t = 15$   
 $x = 3^3 - 4(3) = 15$        $x = 15^3 - 4(15) = 3315$   
 $y = \sqrt{3+1} = 2$        $y = \sqrt{15+1} = 4$   
(15, 2)      (3315, 4)

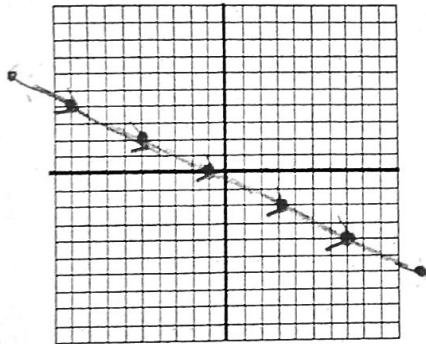
4.)  $x = |t+3|$  and  $y = \frac{1}{t}$

a.)  $t = -8$       b.)  $t = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $x = |-8+3| = 5$        $x = |\frac{1}{2}+3| = 3.5$   
 $y = \frac{1}{-8} = -\frac{1}{8}$        $y = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$   
(5, -1/8)      (3.5, 2)

For each below, fill in the table, then graph the parametric equations:

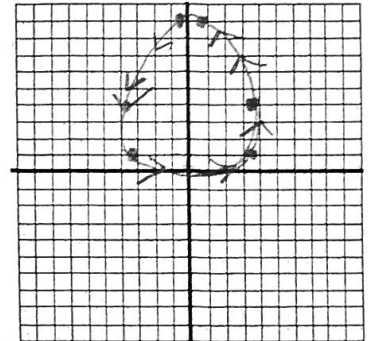
5.)  $x(t) = 4t - 1$      $y(t) = -2t$

t	x	y
-3	-13	6
-2	-9	4
-1	-5	2
0	-1	0
1	3	-2
2	7	-4
3	11	-6



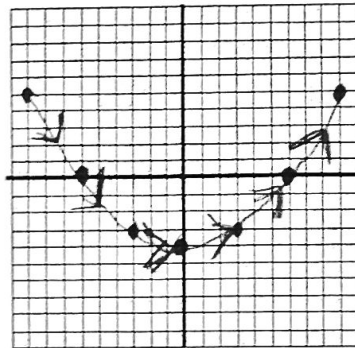
7.)  $x(t) = 4 \sin(t)$      $y(t) = t^2$

t	x	y
-3	0.56	9
-2	-3.6	4
-1	-3.4	1
0	0	0
1	3.4	1
2	3.6	4
3	0.56	9



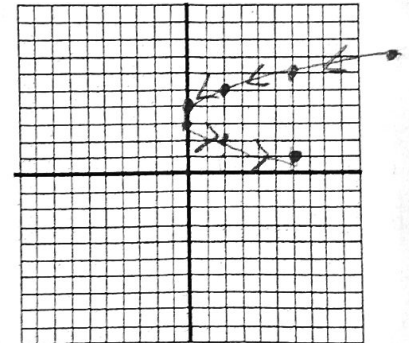
6.)  $x(t) = 3t$      $y(t) = t^2 - 4$

t	x	y
-3	-9	5
-2	-6	0
-1	-3	-3
0	0	-4
1	3	-3
2	6	0
3	9	5



8.)  $x(t) = t^2 - t$      $y(t) = 4 - t$

t	x	y
-3	12	7
-2	6	6
-1	2	5
0	0	4
1	0	3
2	2	2
3	6	1



# Eliminating the Parameter

Name Key

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Eliminate the parameter in each set of equations. Your final answer should be fully simplified and in rectangular form (all  $x$ 's and  $y$ 's, no  $t$ 's).

Remember that you will occasionally need to use  $\sin^2(x) + \cos^2(x) = 1$

1.)  $x(t) = 5 + t$       $x - 5 = t$   
 $y(t) = 3t + 1$

$$y = 3(x - 5) + 1$$

$$y = 3x - 15 + 1$$

$$\boxed{y = 3x - 14}$$
 Line slope = 3 y-int (0, -14)

5.)  $x(t) = 3 \cos(t)$   
 $y(t) = 4 \sin(t)$

$$\frac{x}{3} = \cos t$$

$$\frac{y}{4} = \sin t$$

$$\boxed{\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1}$$

Ellipse

2.)  $x(t) = 6t - 1$       $\frac{x+1}{6} = t$   
 $y(t) = 2t + 11$

$$y = 2\left(\frac{x+1}{6}\right) + 11$$

or  $y = \frac{1}{3}(x+1) + 11$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3} + 11$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{34}{3}}$$
 line slope =  $\frac{1}{3}$  y-int  $(0, \frac{34}{3})$

or  $\boxed{x - 3y = 34}$

6.)  $x(t) = 8 - t$       $t = 8 - x$   
 $y(t) = t^2 + 10t - 100$

$$y = (8-x)^2 + 10(8-x) - 100$$

$$y = x^2 - 16x + 64 + 80 - 10x - 100$$

$$\boxed{y = x^2 - 26x + 44}$$

Parabola

3.)  $x(t) = \frac{3}{t}$       $t = \frac{3}{x}$   
 $y(t) = 6t + 1$

$$y = 6\left(\frac{3}{x}\right) + 1$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{18+x}{x}}$$
 Rational

7.)  $x(t) = 10 \cos(t)$       $\frac{x}{10} = \cos t$   
 $y(t) = 5 \sin(t)$       $\frac{y}{5} = \sin t$

$$\boxed{\frac{x^2}{100} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1}$$

Ellipse

4.)  $x(t) = \sqrt{t-7}$       $t \geq 7$   
 $y(t) = t^2 + 9$   
 $x^2 + 7 = t$

or  $y = (x^2 + 7)^2 + 9$

$$y = x^4 + 14x^2 + 58$$

Quartic

8.)  $x(t) = \frac{1}{t}$       $t = \frac{1}{x}$       $t \neq 0$   
 $y(t) = \frac{4}{t}$

$$y = \frac{4}{\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\boxed{y = 4x}$$
 linear  $x \neq 0$

9.)  $x(t) = 2 + 5 \sec t$       $\frac{x-2}{5} = \sec t$   
 $y(t) = 1 + 3 \tan t$       $\frac{y-1}{3} = \tan t$

$$\boxed{\frac{(x-2)^2}{25} - \frac{(y-1)^2}{9} = 1}$$
 hyperbola